CALL don't FALL



WHO IS AT RISK FOR A FALL?

- » Those aged 65 and older
- » Poor general health with chronic disease
- » A history of falls
- » Altered mental status
- » Decreased mobility
- » Improperly fitted shoes or slippers
- » Incontinence, urinary frequency or diarrhea
- » Sensory deficits, particularly visual deficits
- » Neurological deficits
- » Taking drugs, such as diuretics or strong pain medications

Falls are a major cause of injury, and even death, among elderly people. Factors that contribute to falls include lengthy convalescent periods in elderly patients, higher risks of incomplete recovery and increasing physical disability.

COMMON CAUSES OF FALLS:

Falls may be caused by environmental factors such as poor lighting, slippery throw rugs, highly waxed floor, and unfamiliar surroundings

They often result from physiological factors, such as temporary muscle paralysis, vertigo, orthostatic hypotension, central nervous system lesions, dementia, failing eyesight and decreased strength and coordination

At Adventist Health, the nurse assesses the patient upon admission and identifies those who are at risk for falls. This is done by placing:

- » A yellow armband around the patient's wrist
- » An orange fall risk sticker on the head of the bed

PREVENTING FALLS:

- » Always keep the call light within reach
- » Make sure a night-light is on before going to bed
- » Place personal belongings (ex: purse, wallet, books, tissue, urinal, commode, cane or walker) within easy reach
- » From a lying position, rise slowly to avoid possible dizziness and loss of balance
- » Keep bed in lowest position in order to reach the floor easier
- » Make sure the bed's wheels are locked
- » Wear **sturdy**, **well-fitted**, **low-heeled shoes** with non-slip soles
- » Make sure you wear non-skid footwear

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PREVENTING WHEELCHAIR FALLS:

- » Lock your brakes before you get out of the wheelchair
- » If you drop something on the floor, ask someone else to pick it up
- » Don't lean forward and tip yourself over
- » Move the footrests out of the way so you don't trip on them

PROMOTING SAFETY IN THE HOME:

- » Secure all carpets and floor coverings around the edges, and tack down worn spots
- » Never use lightweight, loose mats or rugs on bare floors
- » Make sure potential hazards, such as stairs, are well-lit. White paint on either side of a staircase can enhance visibility
- » Install strong banisters along all indoor and outdoor steps
- » Use a bedside lamp or low wattage night light in the bedroom to avoid having to wander around in the dark when getting out of bed
- » Fit secure handrails in convenient places in the shower, bathtub and toilet. Use non-skid mats both inside and alongside every tub or shower
- » Minimize clutter by storing children's toys, especially those on wheels, when not in use
- » Walk carefully if a **pet**, such as a dog or cat, is present
- » Secure wires from electrical appliances to walls or moldings
- » Store **frequently used clothing and other items** in places where they can be reached without standing on a stool or chair
- » Reduce the risk of accidental slips and falls by selecting well-fitting shoes with non-skid soles, by avoiding long robes, and by wearing glasses if needed
- » Sit on the edge of a bed or chair for a few minutes before rising
- » Use a walking cane, or walker as required. Be sure to inspect the condition of all assistive devices prior to use.

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CALL don't FALL PATIENT CONTRACT



A fall can result in serious injury to you. Patients most often fall because they don't think they will.

PLEASE DO NOT GET UP without calling for assistance!

- » Use your call light to get out of bed, so we can assist you.
- » Use your call light when you are on the toilet and need to get up.
- » Do not wait until the last minute to press the call light.

YOU ARE AT RISK OF FALLING BECAUSE:

You are unsteady on your feet
Your strength may be decreased
You are in unfamiliar surroundings
You are receiving pain medication
You just had surgery
You have an IV line attached to you
You have a drainage tube attached to you
You may be experiencing low blood pressure or a change in your heart rhythm which can make you dizzy — especially when you stand
You might be very short of breath when standing or walking
You have recently fallen — which puts you at risk of falling again
You may experience some confusion due to your illness
You may not have gotten out of bed for several hours
Patient's Signature:
Date:/
Patient's Family: We ask for your help in reminding your family member to not get up without calling for assistance.
Family Member Signature:
Date:/

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LLAME no se CAIGA CONTRATO DE PACIENTE



Una caida le puede resultar en lesiones graves. Los pacientes con más alto riesgo de caerse son que creen que no lo harán.

POR FAVOR NO SE LEVANTE sin antes Ilamar por asistencia!

- » Use su luz dellamada para levantarce de la cama, y lo asistiremos.
- » Use su luz de llamada cuando este en el inodoro y necesita levantarce.
- » No se espere asta el ultimo momento para presionar su luz de llamada.

UST	ED	ES	ΤÁ	ΕN	RIE	SG0	DE	CAERSE	PORQUE

	Fecha: / /						
Firma de familiar del paciente:							
Familia del paciente: Le pedimos ayuda en recordar a su familiar de no levantarce sin primero llamar por asistencia.							
	Fecha:/						
Firma del paciente:							
U	Isted ha estado en cama durante varias horas						
U	Isted puede tener cierta confusión debido a su enfermedad						
U	Isted recientemente se ha caído-esto lo pone en riesgo de caer otra vez						
U	Isted podría tener dificultad para respirar cuando esté de pie o caminando						
	Isted puede estar sufriendo de la presión arterial baja o un cambio en su ritmo ardíaco que puede hacerle mareado — especialmente cuando se para						
U	Isted tiene un tubo de drenaje conectado a si mismo						
U	Isted tiene una línea IV apegada a si mismo						
U	Isted acaba de tener cirugía						
U	Isted está recibiendo medicación para el dolor						
U	Isted está en un ambiente no familiar						
U	Isted puede tener disminución de fuerza						
U	Isted está inestable cuando esta parado						

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